

RULE-MAKING ORDER

CR-103E (May 2009) (Implements RCW 34.05.360)

1889	, , ,			
Agency: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife	Emergency Rule Only			
Effective date of rule: Emergency Rules 11-23 Immediately upon filing. Later (specify)				
Any other findings required by other provisions of law as provided in the provision of law as provided	econdition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?			
Purpose: The purpose of this rule-making is to allow nor while protecting fish listed as threatened or endangered under the federal court orders governing Washington's relationship with Tre relationship with Oregon, and Washington Fish and Wildlife Common to the common transfer of the purpose of this rule-making is to allow nor while purpose of this rule-making is to allow nor while purpose of this rule-making is to allow nor while purpose of this rule-making is to allow nor while purpose of this rule-making is to allow nor while protecting fish listed as threatened or endangered under the federal court orders governing Washington's relationship with Oregon, and Washington Fish and Wildlife Common transfer or the federal court orders governing washington's relationship with Oregon, and Washington Fish and Wildlife Common transfer or the federal court orders governing washington's relationship with Oregon, and Washington Fish and Wildlife Common transfer or the federal court orders governing washington from the federal court orders governed to the federal cour	eaty Indian Tribes, federal law governing Washington's			
Citation of existing rules affected by this order: Repealed: Amended: WAC 220-33-010 Suspended:				
Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 77.04.130,	77.12.045, and 77.12.047			
Other authority: United States v. Oregon, Civil No. States v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. Wn.2d 638, 628 P.2d 800 (1981); Washington Fish and Wildlife C Stat. 515 (Columbia River Compact).				
safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time is adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the particle. That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deal adoption of a rule. That in order to implement the requirements or reductions.	adline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate ons in appropriations enacted in any budget for fiscal years ne immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, and ortunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule			
Reasons for this finding: (See Attachment)				
Date adopted: February 10, 2011	CODE REVISER USE ONLY			
NAME (TYPE OR PRINT) Philip Anderson	OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER			
SIGNATURE	STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED			
$A \propto 1$	DATE: February 10, 2011 TIME: 1:19 PM			
Clifebook	WSR 11-05-054			
TITLE Director				

Note: If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero. No descriptive text.

Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note.

A section may be counted in more than one category.								
The number of sections adopted in o	rder to co	mply with:						
Federal statute:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed			
Federal rules or standards:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed			
Recently enacted state statutes:	New		Amended		Repealed			
The number of sections adopted at the	ne reques	t of a nongo	overnmental e	ntity:				
	New		Amended		Repealed			
The number of sections adopted in the	ne agency	<i>ı</i> 's own initi	ative:					
	New	1	Amended		Repealed			
The number of sections adopted in o	rder to cl	arify, strean	nline or reform	n aganay r	_			
			illine, or releas	ii ageiicy p	rocedures:			
	New		Amended		Repealed			
The number of sections adopted using	New							
	New							
The number of sections adopted usin	New		Amended		Repealed			

NEW SECTION

WAC 220-33-01000S Columbia River seasons below Bonneville.

Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 220-33-010, WAC 220-33-020, and WAC 220-33-030, it is unlawful for a person to take or possess salmon, sturgeon, and shad for commercial purposes from Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E and Select Areas, except during the times and conditions listed below:

1. Deep River Select Area

- a) Area: From the markers at USCG navigation marker #16, upstream to the Highway 4 Bridge. Reduced area extends from the Oneida Road boat ramp upstream to the Highway 4 Bridge.
- b) Dates: Winter Season: Open hours are:
 - (i) 7:00 p.m. Sundays to 7:00 a.m. Mondays, and 7:00 p.m. Wednesdays to 7:00 a.m. Thursdays, from February 13 through March 21, 2011; and
 - (ii) 7:00 p.m. Sundays to 7:00 a.m. Mondays from March 27 through April 4, 2011, in reduced fishing area.
 - <u>Spring Season</u>: Open hours are: 7:00 p.m. Sundays to 7:00 a.m. Mondays, and 7:00 p.m. Wednesdays to 7:00 a.m. Thursdays, from April 17 through June 9, 2011.
- c) Gear: Gillnets. Winter season: 7-inch minimum mesh. Spring season: 9 3/4-inch maximum mesh. Nets are restricted to 100 fathoms in length with no weight restriction on leadline. Use of additional weights or anchors attached directly to the leadline is allowed. Nets cannot be tied off to stationary structures. Nets may not fully cross navigation channel. It is unlawful to operate in any river, stream or channel any gillnet longer than three-fourths the width of the stream (WAC 220-20-015 (1)). It shall be unlawful in any area to use, operate, or carry aboard a commercial fishing vessel a licensed net or combination of such nets, whether fished singly or separately, in excess of the maximum lawful size or length prescribed for a single net in that area, except as otherwise provided for in the rules and regulations of the department (WAC 220-20-010 (17)). Nets (or parts of nets) not specifically authorized for use in these areas may be onboard a vessel if properly stored. A properly stored net is defined as a net on a drum that is fully covered by a tarp (canvas or plastic) and bound with a minimum of ten revolutions of rope with a diameter of 3/8 (0.375) inches or greater. Nets that are fished at any time between official sunset and official sunrise must have lighted buoys on both ends of the net unless the net is attached to the boat. If the net is attached to the boat, then one lighted buoy on the opposite end of the net from the boat is required.
- d) Allowable sale: salmon, shad, and white sturgeon. A maximum of two white sturgeon may be possessed or sold by each participating vessel during each calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that the fishery is open.
- e) Miscellaneous: Transportation or possession of fish outside the fishing area (except to the sampling station) is unlawful until department staff has biologically sampled individual catches. After sampling, fishers will be issued a transportation permit by agency staff. During the winter season, fishers are required to call 360-795-0319 for information on the place and time of sampling. In the spring season, a sampling station will be established approximately 2 miles downstream of the Highway 4 Bridge near Stephan's dock.

f) 24-hour quick reporting in effect for Washington buyers.

2. Tongue Point

- a) Area: <u>Tongue Point fishing area</u> includes all waters bounded by a line extended from the upstream (southern most) pier (#1) at the Tongue Point Job Corps facility, through navigation marker #6 to Mott Island, (new spring lower deadline); a line from a marker at the southeast end of Mott Island, northeasterly to a marker on the northwest tip of Lois Island; and a line from a marker on the southwest end of Lois Island, westerly to a marker on the Oregon shore.
- <u>The South Channel area</u> includes all waters bounded by a line from a marker on John Day Point through the green USCG buoy #7 to a marker on the southwest end of Lois Island, upstream to an upper boundary line from a marker on Settler Point, northwesterly to the flashing red USCG marker #10, and northwesterly to a marker on Burnside Island defining the upstream terminus of South Channel.
- b) Dates: Open hours are 7:00 p.m. Mondays to 7:00 a.m. Tuesdays, and 7:00 p.m. Thursdays to 7:00 a.m. Fridays, from April 25 through June 10, 2011.
- c) Gear: Gillnets. In the <u>Tongue Point fishing area</u>, gear restricted to 9 3/4-inch maximum mesh size, maximum net length of 250 fathoms, and weight not to exceed two pounds on any one fathom. <u>In the South Channel fishing area</u>, gear restricted to 9 3/4-inch maximum mesh size, maximum net length of 100 fathoms, no weight restriction on leadline, and use of additional weights or anchors attached directly to the leadline is allowed. Nets that are fished at any time between official sunset and official sunrise must have lighted buoys on both ends of the net unless the net is attached to the boat. If the net is attached to the boat, then one lighted buoy on the opposite end of the net from the boat is required.
- d) Allowable sale: salmon, shad, and white sturgeon. A maximum of two white sturgeon may be possessed or sold by each participating vessel during each calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that the fishery is open.
- e) Miscellaneous: During April 25 through May 20, 2011, transportation or possession of fish outside the fishing area is unlawful (except while in transit to ODFW sampling stations) until ODFW staff has biologically sampled individual catches. A sampling station will be established near the Tongue Point area. After sampling, fishers will be issued a transportation permit by agency staff. Beginning May 23, fishers are required to call 503-428-0518 and leave a message including name, catch, and where and when fish will be sold.
- f) 24-hour quick reporting in effect for Washington buyers.

3. Blind Slough Select Area

- a) Area: Only the Blind Slough area is open during winter season, and both Blind Slough and Knappa Slough areas are open during spring season. From May 2 through June 10, 2011, the lower boundary of the Knappa Slough fishing area is extended downstream to boundary lines defined by markers on the west end of Minaker Island to markers on Karlson Island and the Oregon Shore (Fall season boundary).
- b) Dates: Winter Season: Open hours are:
 - (i) 7:00 p.m. Sundays to 7:00 a.m. Mondays, and 7:00 p.m.

Thursdays to 7:00 a.m. Fridays, from February 13 through March 14, 2011;

- (ii) 7:00 p.m Wednesday March 16, through 7:00 a.m. Thursday, March 17, 2011;
- (iii) 7:00 p.m. Sundays to 7:00 a.m. Mondays from March 20 through April 4, 2011.

<u>Spring Season</u>: Open hours are 7:00 p.m. Mondays to 7:00 a.m. Tuesdays and 7:00 p.m. Thursdays to 7:00 a.m. Fridays, from April 18 through June 10, 2011.

- b) Gear: Gillnets. Winter season: 7-inch minimum mesh. Spring Season: 9 3/4-inch maximum mesh. Nets are restricted to 100 fathoms in length, with no weight restriction on leadline. Use of additional weights or anchors attached directly to the leadline is allowed. Nets fished any time between official sunset and official sunrise must have lighted buoys on both ends of the net. If the net is attached to the boat, then one lighted buoy on the end of the net opposite the boat is required.
- c) Allowable sales: salmon, shad, and white sturgeon. A maximum of two white sturgeon may be possessed or sold by each participating vessel during each calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that the fishery is open.
- d) 24-hour quick reporting in effect for Washington buyers. Permanent transportation rules in effect.

EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:

- : (a) That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
- 9 (b) That state or federal law or federal rule a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.

Reasons for this finding: Sets the 2011 winter and spring Select Area commercial seasons. The seasons are based on a strong forecasted return of 13,200 Select Area spring Chinook. Impacts to non-local stocks are expected to be minimal. The fishery is consistent with the *U.S. v Oregon* Management Agreement and the associated Biological Opinion. Conforms Washington state rules with Oregon state rules. Regulation is consistent with Compact Action of February 8, 2011. There is insufficient time to promulgate permanent rules.

Washington and Oregon jointly regulate Columbia River fisheries under the Congressionally-ratified Columbia River Compact. Four Indian Tribes have treaty fishing rights in the Columbia River. The treaties preempt state regulations that fail to allow the Tribes an opportunity to take a fair share of the available fish, and the states must manage other fisheries accordingly. Sohappy v. Smith, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Or. 1969). A federal court order sets the current parameters for sharing between treaty Indians and others. United States v. Oregon, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2008-2017 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. No. 2546).

Some Columbia River Basin salmon and steelhead stocks are listed as threatened or endangered under the federal Endangered Species Act. On May 5, 2008, the National Marine Fisheries Service issued a biological opinion under 16 U.S.C. § 1536 that allows for some incidental take of these species in treaty and non-treaty Columbia River fisheries governed by the 2008-2017 U.S. v. Oregon Management Agreement. The Washington and Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commissions have developed policies to guide the implementation of such biological opinions in the states' regulation of non-treaty fisheries. Columbia River non-treaty fisheries are monitored very closely to ensure compliance with federal court orders, the Endangered Species Act, and Commission guidelines. Because conditions change rapidly, the fisheries are managed almost exclusively by emergency rule. Representatives from the Washington and Oregon Departments of Fish and Wildlife convene public hearings and take public testimony when considering proposals for new emergency rules. WDFW and ODFW then adopt regulations reflecting agreements reached.

(11-23, 2/10/2011)